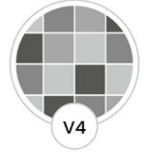


# Buscot

LIMESTONE | HONED

The honed finish enhances the fossils and sedimentary markings, which make this durable stone very similar in effect to Cotswold stone.

Suitability: Domestic/heavy commercial interior walls & floors, sealing required



## Formats

Format	Availability	Pack Quantity
40 x 60 x 1.2cm	Usually in stock	38.4m <sup>2</sup>
60 x Random x 2cm	Usually in stock	20m <sup>2</sup>
Slab 2cm	Usually in stock	-
Slab 3cm	Usually in stock	-
Slab 4cm	Usually in stock	-

Bespoke Options

(B)

## Technical Data

### Petrographic Description

Pale beige to beige/cream to very pale grey/brown, fine to coarse grained. Generally well compacted, fresh LIMESTONE. Hard to robust (subjective assessment). Pale grey to grey and cream to white irregular and elongate grains probably relict bioclasts debris, peloids up to 6mm long, generally unevenly distributed. A visible Stylolitic seam, was stained orange/brown, probably from iron and/or manganese oxide.

### Material Composition

Peloids, relict bioclasts 78%. Sparry Calcite cement 10%. Micrite matrix 10%. Microcrystalline quartz 2%. Iron and/or manganese oxide <<1%.

### Petrographic Details

The stone is matrix and in places grain-supported (bioclastic peloidal limestone) comprising predominantly relict bioclastic debris, peloids, and in places sparry calcite cement and micrite matrix. Relict bioclasts debris ranges to 3mm (commonly less than 2mm) and are replaced partially by micrite, sparry calcite or microspar. Peloids range from 50 µm to 1mm (most commonly 100 to 400 µm) and are predominantly micrite. Chalcedony also infilled small pockets in peloids. Sparry calcite generally forms the matrix, occasionally replacing parts of peloids and bioclasts. Micrite also forms a matrix in places. Rare orange-brown iron and/or manganese oxide stained a few peloids and a stylolitic seam. Stone is generally well compacted, with sporadic irregular voids, generally less than 100 µm across. The micrite and sparry calcite cement matrix may be microporous.

Test	Standard	Result
Apparent Density	BS EN 1936 : 2006	2580kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Open Porosity	BS EN 1936 : 2006	4.3%
Water Absorption at Atmospheric Pressure	BS EN 13755 : 2008	1.5%
Flexural Strength (3 Point)	BS EN 12372 : 2006	18.4MPa
Frost Resistance (56 Cycles)	BS EN 12371 : 2010	17.9MPa
Abrasion Resistance	BS EN 14157 : 2004	20mm
Thermal Shock Resistance	BS EN 14066 : 2013	18.9MPa
Slip Resistance (Dry)	BS EN 14231 : 2003	PTV 41
Slip Resistance (Wet)	BS EN 14231 : 2003	PTV 19

- ✓ Suitable for use with underfloor heating
- ✓ Suitable for use in freezing temperatures

**For any further information or advice, please contact our team.**

### Installation, Care & Maintenance Advice

Please refer to the installation guides on our website.